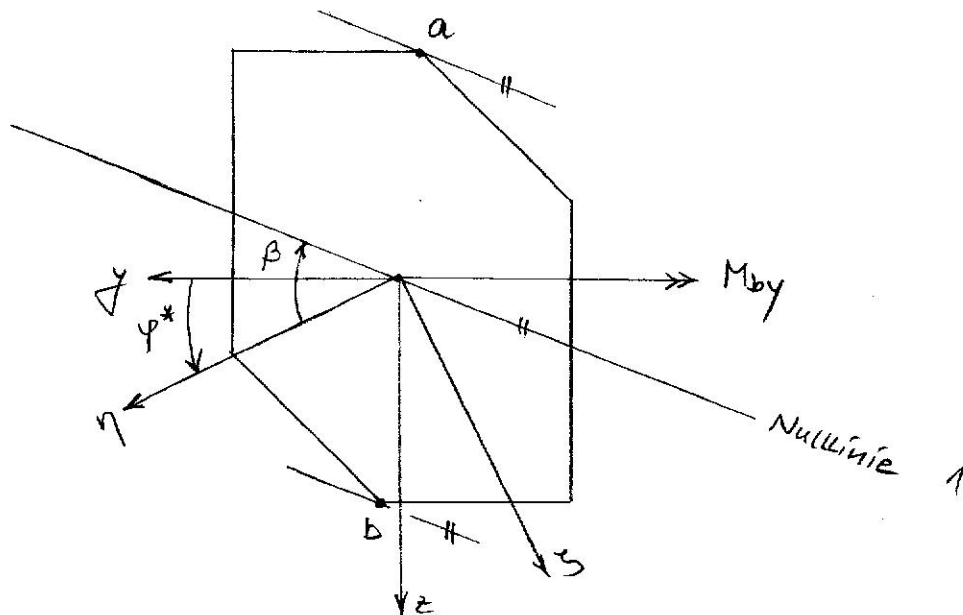


$$\text{zu 1) } \alpha = 180^\circ - \varphi^* = 180^\circ - 25,2^\circ = 154,8^\circ \quad 1/1 \quad 1$$

$$\tan \beta = \frac{1041 \text{ cm}^4}{446 \text{ cm}^4} \cdot \tan 154,8^\circ = -1,0983$$

$$\beta = -47,68^\circ \quad 1$$



$$\text{zu 2) } y_a = -0,5 \text{ cm}; z_a = -6 \text{ cm}$$

$$y_a = -6 \text{ cm} \cdot \sin 25,2^\circ - 0,5 \text{ cm} \cdot \cos 25,2^\circ = -3,01 \text{ cm} \quad 1$$

$$z_a = -6 \text{ cm} \cdot \cos 25,2^\circ + 0,5 \text{ cm} \cdot \sin 25,2^\circ = -5,22 \text{ cm}$$

$$\sigma_b^a = M_{by} \cdot \left(\frac{\cos \alpha}{I_\eta} \cdot z_a - \frac{\sin \alpha}{I_\xi} \cdot y_a \right)$$

$$\text{zu L } M_{by} = \frac{6 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{cm}^2}}{\frac{\cos 154,8^\circ}{1041 \text{ cm}^4} \cdot (-5,22 \text{ cm}) - \frac{\sin 154,8^\circ}{446 \text{ cm}^4} \cdot (-3,01 \text{ cm})} \quad 1$$

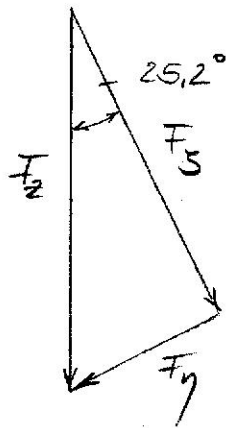
$$\text{zu L } M_{by} = 810 \text{ KN} \cdot \text{cm} = 8,10 \text{ KN} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$zul M_{by} = F_{zul} \cdot l_m = 8,10 \text{ kN} \cdot m$$

1/2

$$F_{zul} = 8,10 \text{ kN} \quad 1$$

zu 3)



$$F_y = 7 \text{ kN} \cdot \sin 25,2^\circ = 2,98 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_z = 7 \text{ kN} \cdot \cos 25,2^\circ = 6,33 \text{ kN}$$

1

$$f_y = \frac{2,98 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N} \cdot (2000 \text{ mm})^3}{8 \cdot 0,7 \cdot 10^5 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \cdot 446 \cdot 10^4 \text{ mm}^4} = 9,55 \text{ mm}$$

1

$$f_z = \frac{6,33 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N} \cdot (2000 \text{ mm})^3}{8 \cdot 0,7 \cdot 10^5 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \cdot 1041 \cdot 10^4 \text{ mm}^4} = 8,69 \text{ mm}$$

1

$$f = \sqrt{(9,55 \text{ mm})^2 + (8,69 \text{ mm})^2} = 12,91 \text{ mm}$$

1

zu 1) $S_{y1} = 0$

$$S_{y2} = 2 \text{ cm} \cdot 9 \text{ cm} \cdot 5,91 \text{ cm} - \frac{\pi \cdot (2 \text{ cm})^2}{2} \cdot \left(6,91 \text{ cm} - \frac{4 \cdot 2 \text{ cm}}{3 \cdot \pi}\right)$$

$$S_{y2} = 68,30 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$S_{y3} = 68,30 \text{ cm}^3 + 2 \text{ cm} \cdot 9 \text{ cm} \cdot 3,91 \text{ cm} = 138,68 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$S_{y4} = 138,68 \text{ cm}^3 + 3 \text{ cm} \cdot 2 \text{ cm} \cdot 1,91 \text{ cm} + 2 \cdot \left(\frac{3 \text{ cm} \cdot 2 \text{ cm}}{2} \cdot 2,243\right) = 163,60 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$S_{y5} = 163,60 \text{ cm}^3 + 5 \text{ cm} \cdot 3 \text{ cm} \cdot (-1,59 \text{ cm}) = 139,75 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$S_{y6} = 139,75 \text{ cm}^3 + 3 \text{ cm} \cdot 1 \text{ cm} \cdot (-4,59 \text{ cm}) + 2 \cdot \left(\frac{1 \text{ cm} \cdot 1,5 \text{ cm}}{2} \cdot (-4,756)\right) = 118,85 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$S_{y7} = 118,85 \text{ cm}^3 + 6 \text{ cm} \cdot 3 \text{ cm} \cdot (-6,59 \text{ cm}) = 0,23 \approx 0$$

Schnitt	S_y cm^3	b cm	$\bar{z}$ KN/cm^2	$\bar{z}$ N/mm^2
1	0	5	0	0
2	68,30	9	0,892	8,92
3	138,68	9	1,812	18,12
4	163,60	3	6,412	64,12
5	139,75	3	5,477	54,77
6	118,85	6	2,329	23,29
7	0	6	0	0

zu 2) $S_{y\max} = 163,6 \text{ cm}^3 + 3 \text{ cm} \cdot 0,91 \text{ cm} \cdot \frac{0,91 \text{ cm}}{2}$

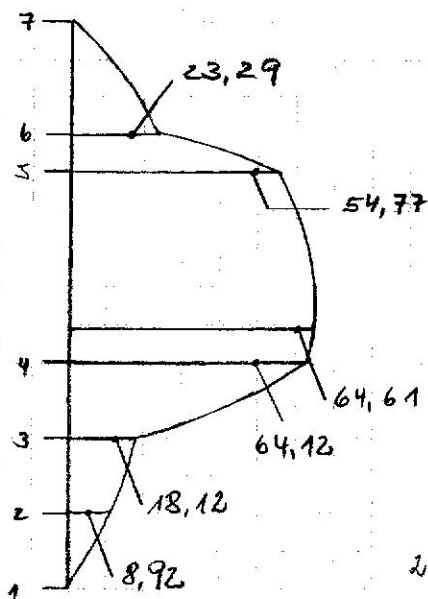
$$S_{y\max} = 164,84 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\bar{z}_{\max} = \frac{200 \text{ KN} \cdot 164,84 \text{ cm}^3}{1701 \text{ cm}^4 \cdot 3 \text{ cm}} = 6,461 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{cm}^2} = 64,61 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$$

$\bar{z}_{\max}$ tritt in der Faser $z=0$ auf.

zu 3/

2/2



τ
 N/mm^2

2

3/1

$$\delta = \frac{500 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}} \cdot (3000 \text{ mm})^3}{2,1 \cdot 10^5 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \cdot 73,3 \cdot 10^4 \text{ mm}^4} = 87,70$$

Knickbedingung: $f(x) = x^3 + 87,70 \cdot \tan x - 87,70 \cdot x = 0$

$$f(4,4) = -29,148$$

$$f(4,5) = 103,169$$

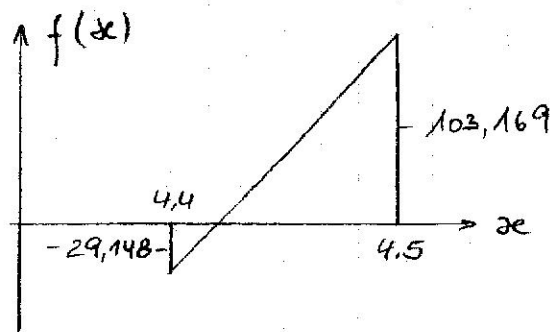
1. Iteration

$$\frac{\Delta x}{29,148} = \frac{0,1}{29,148 + 103,169}$$

$$\Delta x = 0,022$$

$$x_{\text{neu}} = 4,422$$

$$f(x_{\text{neu}}) = -7,869$$

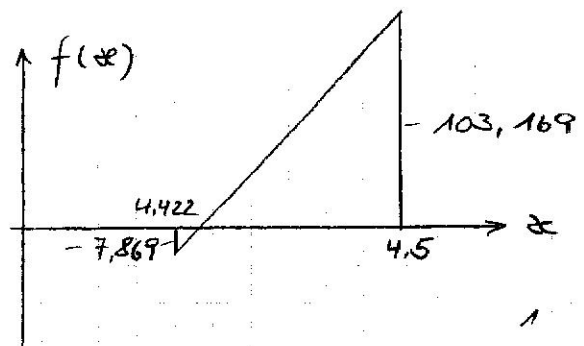


2. Iteration

$$\frac{\Delta x}{7,869} = \frac{0,078}{7,869 + 103,169}$$

$$\Delta x = 0,006$$

$$x_{\text{neu}} = 4,428$$



$$F_K = \frac{x^2 \cdot E \cdot I}{l^2} = \frac{4,428^2 \cdot 2,1 \cdot 10^5 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \cdot 73,3 \cdot 10^4 \text{ mm}^4}{(3000 \text{ mm})^2}$$

$$F_K = 335348 \text{ N}$$

2) Knicksicherheit

3/2

$$\nu_k = \frac{F_k}{F} = \frac{335348 \text{ N}}{80000 \text{ N}} = 4,19 \quad 1$$

3) Knicklänge

$$F_k = \frac{E \cdot I \cdot \pi^2}{S_k^2}$$

$$S_k = \sqrt{\frac{E \cdot I \cdot \pi^2}{F_k}} = \sqrt{\frac{2,1 \cdot 10^5 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \cdot 73,3 \cdot 10^4 \text{ mm}^4 \cdot \pi^2}{335348 \text{ N}}}$$

$$S_k = 2128 \text{ mm} \quad 1$$

$$4) \quad i_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{I_y}{A}} = \sqrt{\frac{73,3 \cdot 10^4 \text{ mm}^4}{19,2 \cdot 10^2 \text{ mm}^2}} = 19,54 \text{ mm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{S_k}{i_{\min}} = \frac{2128 \text{ mm}}{19,54 \text{ mm}} = 109 > 105 = \lambda_{\text{grenz}}$$

Elastische Knickung o.k. 2