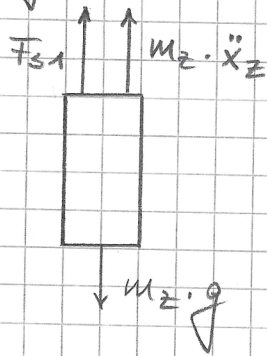
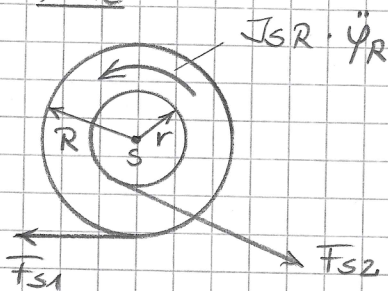


Zylinder



$$F_{s1} = m_2 \cdot (g - \ddot{x}_2) \quad (1)$$

Rolle

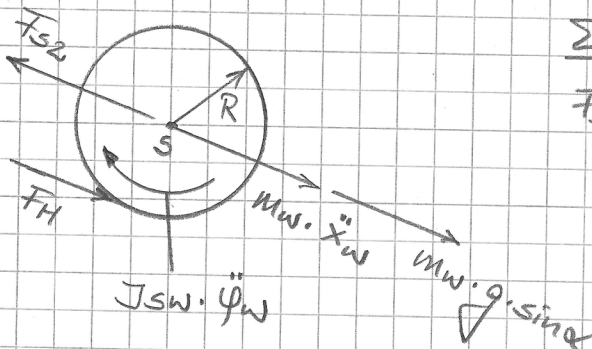


$$\sum M_{is} = 0$$

$$F_{s2} \cdot r - F_{s1} \cdot R + J_{SR} \cdot \ddot{\varphi}_R = 0$$

$$F_{s1} = F_{s2} \cdot \frac{r}{R} + \frac{J_{SR}}{R} \cdot \ddot{\varphi}_R \quad (2)$$

Walze



$$\sum F_{it} = 0$$

$$F_{s2} = m_W \cdot \ddot{x}_W + m_W \cdot g \cdot \sin \alpha + F_H \quad (3)$$

$$\sum M_{is} = 0$$

$$F_H \cdot R - J_{SW} \cdot \ddot{\varphi}_W = 0$$

$$F_H = \frac{J_{SW}}{R} \cdot \ddot{\varphi}_W \quad (4)$$

Kinematik

$$\ddot{\varphi}_W = \frac{\ddot{x}_W}{R} = \ddot{x}_2 \cdot \frac{r}{R^2} ; \quad \ddot{\varphi}_R = \frac{\ddot{x}_2}{R} ; \quad \ddot{x}_W = \ddot{x}_2 \cdot \frac{r}{R}$$

$$(1) = (2) : m_2 \cdot g - m_2 \cdot \ddot{x}_2 = F_{s2} \cdot \frac{r}{R} + \frac{J_{SR}}{R} \cdot \ddot{\varphi}_R$$

$$(4) \text{ in } (3) : F_{s2} = m_W \cdot \ddot{x}_W + m_W \cdot g \cdot \sin \alpha + \frac{J_{SW}}{R} \cdot \ddot{\varphi}_W$$

$$m_2 \cdot g - m_2 \cdot \ddot{x}_2 = m_W \cdot \frac{r}{R} \cdot \ddot{x}_W + m_W \cdot g \cdot \frac{r}{R} \cdot \sin \alpha + \frac{J_{SW}}{R^2} \cdot r \cdot \ddot{\varphi}_W + \frac{J_{SR}}{R} \cdot \ddot{\varphi}_R$$

$$m_z \cdot g - m_z \cdot \ddot{x}_z = m_w \cdot \frac{r^2}{R^2} \cdot \ddot{x}_z + m_w \cdot g \cdot \frac{r}{R} \cdot \sin \alpha + \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_w \cdot \frac{r^2}{R^2} \cdot \ddot{x}_z + \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_R \cdot \ddot{x}_z$$

$$\left( m_w \cdot \frac{r^2}{R^2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_w \cdot \frac{r^2}{R^2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_R + m_z \right) \cdot \ddot{x}_z =$$

$$m_z \cdot g - m_w \cdot g \cdot \frac{r}{R} \cdot \sin \alpha$$

$$\ddot{x}_z = \frac{m_z \cdot g - m_w \cdot g \cdot \frac{r}{R} \cdot \sin \alpha}{\frac{3}{2} \cdot m_w \cdot \frac{r^2}{R^2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_R + m_z}$$

$$\ddot{x}_z = \frac{60 \text{ kg} \cdot 9,81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} - 50 \text{ kg} \cdot 9,81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sin 30^\circ}{\frac{3}{2} \cdot 50 \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 20 \text{ kg} + 60 \text{ kg}}$$

$$\ddot{x}_z = \frac{465,975 \frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}{88,75 \text{ kg}} = 5,25 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\ddot{x}_w = 2,63 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$\text{zu 2) } x_z = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot R \cdot \frac{R}{r} = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{R^2}{r}$$

$$x_z = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot \frac{(0,2 \text{ m})^2}{0,1 \text{ m}} = 2,51 \text{ m}$$

$$\dot{x}_z = \sqrt{2 \cdot \ddot{x}_z \cdot x_z} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 5,25 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot 2,51 \text{ m}}$$

$$\dot{x}_z = 5,13 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\text{zu 3)} \quad F_H = \frac{J_{SW}}{R} \cdot \ddot{x}_z \cdot \frac{r}{R^2}$$

$$F_H = \frac{1}{2} \cdot m_W \cdot \frac{r}{R} \cdot \ddot{x}_z = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 50 \text{ kg} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5,25 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$F_H = 65,63 \text{ N}$$

$$\text{zu 4)} \quad \mu \cdot F_N \geq F_H$$

$$\mu \geq \frac{F_H}{F_N} = \frac{F_H}{m_W \cdot g \cdot \cos \alpha}$$

$$\mu \geq \frac{65,63 \text{ N}}{50 \text{ kg} \cdot 9,81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot \cos 30^\circ}$$

$$\mu \geq 0,155$$

$y(t)$  ist eine gerade Funktion  $\Rightarrow b_k = 0$

Fourierkoeffizient  $a_0$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{T} \cdot \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} y(t) \cdot dt = \frac{2}{T} \cdot \int_0^{\frac{T}{6}} 2 \cdot h \cdot dt + \frac{2}{T} \cdot \int_{\frac{T}{6}}^{\frac{T}{3}} h \cdot dt + 0$$

$$a_0 = \frac{4 \cdot h}{T} \cdot \frac{T}{6} + \frac{2 \cdot h}{T} \cdot \left( \frac{T}{3} - \frac{T}{6} \right) = h$$

Fourierkoeffizienten  $a_k$

$$a_k = \frac{4}{T} \cdot \int_0^{\frac{T}{2}} y(t) \cdot \cos(k \cdot \omega \cdot t) \cdot dt$$

$$a_k = \frac{4}{T} \cdot \int_0^{\frac{T}{6}} 2 \cdot h \cdot \cos(k \cdot \omega \cdot t) \cdot dt + \frac{4}{T} \cdot \int_{\frac{T}{6}}^{\frac{T}{3}} h \cdot \cos(k \cdot \omega \cdot t) \cdot dt$$

$$a_k = \frac{8 \cdot h}{T} \cdot \frac{1}{k \cdot \omega} \cdot \sin(k \cdot \omega \cdot t) \Big|_0^{\frac{T}{6}} + \frac{4 \cdot h}{T} \cdot \frac{1}{k \cdot \omega} \cdot \sin(k \cdot \omega \cdot t) \Big|_{\frac{T}{6}}^{\frac{T}{3}}$$

$$a_k = \frac{8 \cdot h}{T} \cdot \frac{1}{k \cdot \omega} \cdot \sin\left(k \cdot \frac{2\pi}{T} \cdot \frac{T}{6}\right)$$

$$\frac{4 \cdot h}{T} \cdot \frac{1}{k \cdot \omega} \cdot \left[ \sin\left(k \cdot \frac{2\pi}{T} \cdot \frac{T}{3}\right) - \sin\left(k \cdot \frac{2\pi}{T} \cdot \frac{T}{6}\right) \right]$$

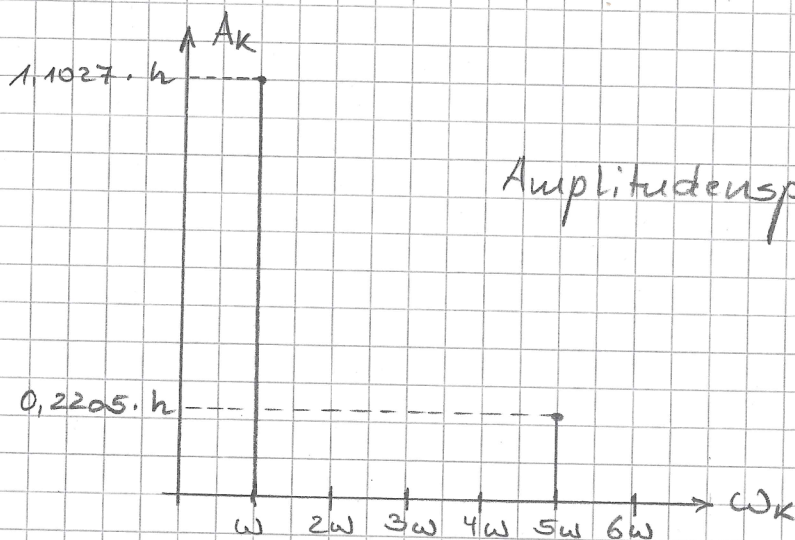
$$a_k = \frac{4 \cdot h}{k \cdot \pi} \cdot \sin\left(k \cdot \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \frac{2 \cdot h}{k \cdot \pi} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{2 \cdot k \cdot \pi}{3}\right) - \frac{2 \cdot h}{k \cdot \pi} \cdot \sin\left(k \cdot \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$a_k = \frac{2 \cdot h}{k \cdot \pi} \cdot \left[ \sin\left(k \cdot \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{2 \cdot k \cdot \pi}{3}\right) \right]$$

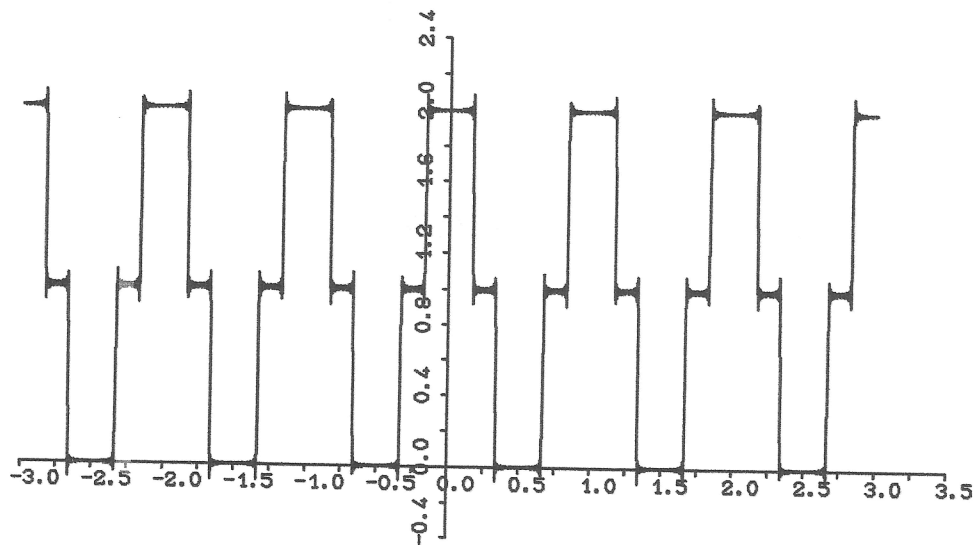
| K | $\sin\left(\frac{k \cdot \pi}{3}\right)$ | $\sin\left(\frac{2 \cdot k \cdot \pi}{3}\right)$ | $a_k$             |
|---|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | 0,8660                                   | 0,8660                                           | $1,1027 \cdot h$  |
| 2 | 0,8660                                   | -0,8660                                          | 0                 |
| 3 | 0                                        | 0                                                | 0                 |
| 4 | -0,8660                                  | 0,8660                                           | 0                 |
| 5 | -0,8660                                  | -0,8660                                          | $-0,2205 \cdot h$ |
| 6 | 0                                        | 0                                                | 0                 |

$$y(t) = h + h \cdot \left[ 1,1027 \cdot \cos(\omega \cdot t) - 0,2205 \cdot \cos(5 \cdot \omega \cdot t) + \dots \right]$$

$$A_k = \sqrt{a_k^2 + b_k^2} \quad \text{mit } b_k = 0 \Rightarrow A_k = \sqrt{a_k^2} = |a_k|$$



Auswertung:  $h = 1,0$ ;  $T = 1,05$ ; 100 Harmonische



zu 1)

$$C = \frac{12 \cdot 2,1 \cdot 10^5 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2} \cdot 843 \cdot 10^4 \text{mm}^4}{(2000 \text{mm})^2 \cdot (4 \cdot 2000 \text{mm} + 3000 \text{mm})}$$

$$C = 312,406 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}} = 312406 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}$$

$$\omega_0 = \sqrt{\frac{312406 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}}}{200 \text{kg}}} = 39,52 \frac{1}{\text{s}}$$

zu 2) a)  $\Delta = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \ln \left( \frac{1 \text{cm}}{0,4 \text{cm}} \right) = 0,2291$

$$\mathcal{D} = \frac{\Delta}{\sqrt{4 \cdot \pi^2 + \Delta^2}} = \frac{0,2291}{\sqrt{4 \cdot \pi^2 + 0,2291^2}} = 0,036$$

b)  $\omega_d = 39,52 \frac{1}{\text{s}} \cdot \sqrt{1 - 0,036^2} = 39,49 \frac{1}{\text{s}}$

$$\delta = \mathcal{D} \cdot \omega_0 = 0,036 \cdot 39,52 \frac{1}{\text{s}} = 1,423 \frac{1}{\text{s}}$$

$$C_1 = W_0 = 1 \text{cm}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{W_0 + \delta \cdot W_0}{\omega_d} = \frac{1,423 \frac{1}{\text{s}} \cdot 1 \text{cm}}{39,49 \frac{1}{\text{s}}} = 0,036 \text{cm}$$

$$W(t) = e^{-1,423 \frac{1}{\text{s}} \cdot t} \cdot \left[ 1 \text{cm} \cdot \cos\left(39,49 \frac{1}{\text{s}} \cdot t\right) + 0,036 \text{cm} \cdot \sin\left(39,49 \frac{1}{\text{s}} \cdot t\right) \right]$$

zu 3)  $\Omega = \frac{2\pi \cdot 300 \text{min}^{-1}}{60 \frac{\text{s}}{\text{min}}} = 31,42 \frac{1}{\text{s}}$

$$\eta_1 = \frac{\Omega}{\omega_0} = \frac{31,42 \frac{1}{\text{s}}}{39,52 \frac{1}{\text{s}}} = 0,795$$

$$\hat{w}_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(1-0,795^2)^2 + 4 \cdot 0,036^2 \cdot 0,795^2}} \cdot \frac{1000 \text{ N}}{312,406 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}}$$

$$\hat{w}_1 = 8,60 \text{ mm}$$

$$\varphi_1 = -\arctan\left(\frac{2 \cdot 0,036 \cdot 0,795}{1 - 0,795^2}\right) = -0,1543$$

$$\eta_2 = \frac{2 \cdot \Omega}{\omega_0} = \frac{2 \cdot 31,42 \frac{1}{s}}{39,52 \frac{1}{s}} = 1,59$$

$$\hat{w}_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(1-1,59^2)^2 + 4 \cdot 0,036^2 \cdot 1,59^2}} \cdot \frac{600 \text{ N}}{312,406 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}}}$$

$$\hat{w}_2 = 1,25 \text{ mm}$$

$$\varphi_2 = -\arctan\left(\frac{2 \cdot 0,036 \cdot 1,59}{1 - 1,59^2}\right) = -3,067$$

$$w(t) = 8,60 \text{ mm} \cdot \sin\left(31,42 \frac{1}{s} \cdot t - 0,1543\right) + 1,25 \text{ mm} \cdot \sin\left(62,84 \frac{1}{s} \cdot t - 3,067\right)$$

zu 4)

$$\Omega = \omega_0 \Rightarrow n_1 = \frac{\omega_0}{2\pi} \cdot 60 = \frac{39,52 \frac{1}{s}}{2\pi} \cdot 60 \frac{s}{\text{min}}$$

$$n_1 = 377,4 \text{ min}^{-1}$$

$$2 \cdot \Omega = \omega_0 \Rightarrow n_2 = \frac{\omega_0}{2\pi} \cdot 60 = 188,7 \text{ min}^{-1}$$